



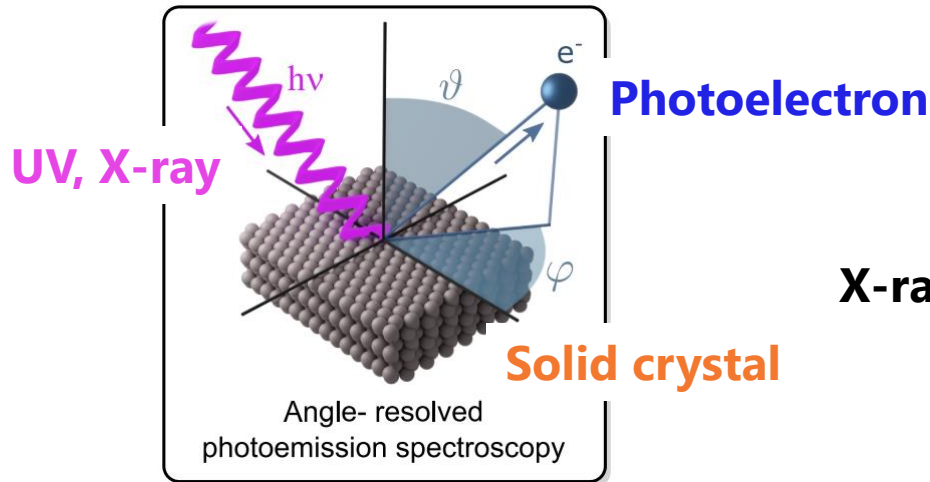
# Development of the photoemission simulator SPADExp and its application to an ARPES study of nodal line materials

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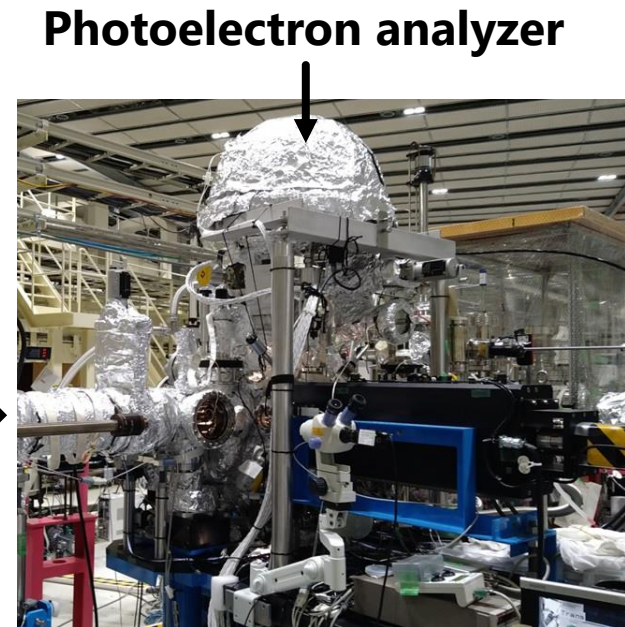
# 2 : Angle-resolved photoemission spectroscopy (ARPES)



Observation of the **band dispersion** using the **photoelectric effect**



X-ray →

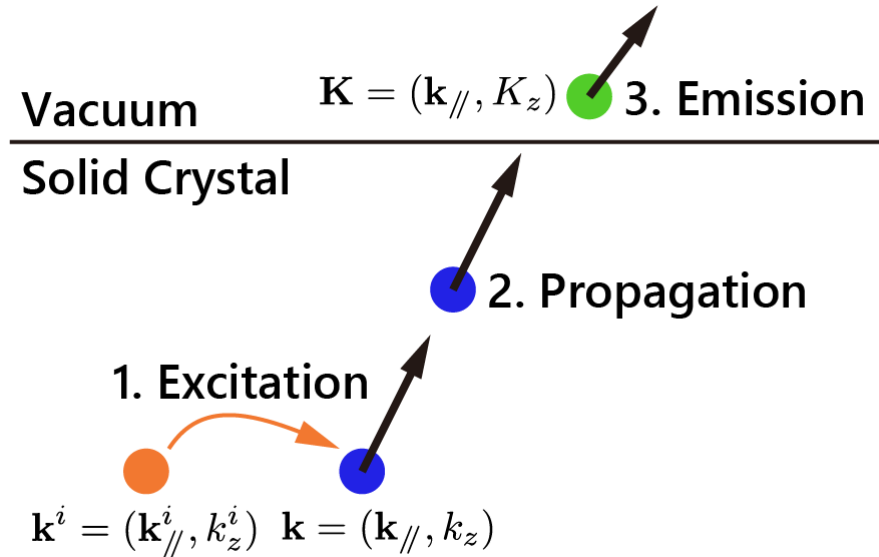


**Schematic of the photoemission process**

J. A. Sobota *et al.*, Rev. Mod. Phys. **93**, 025006 (2021).

**Synchrotron ARPES endstation  
@SPring-8 BL25SU**

# 3 ∴ Photoemission 3-step model

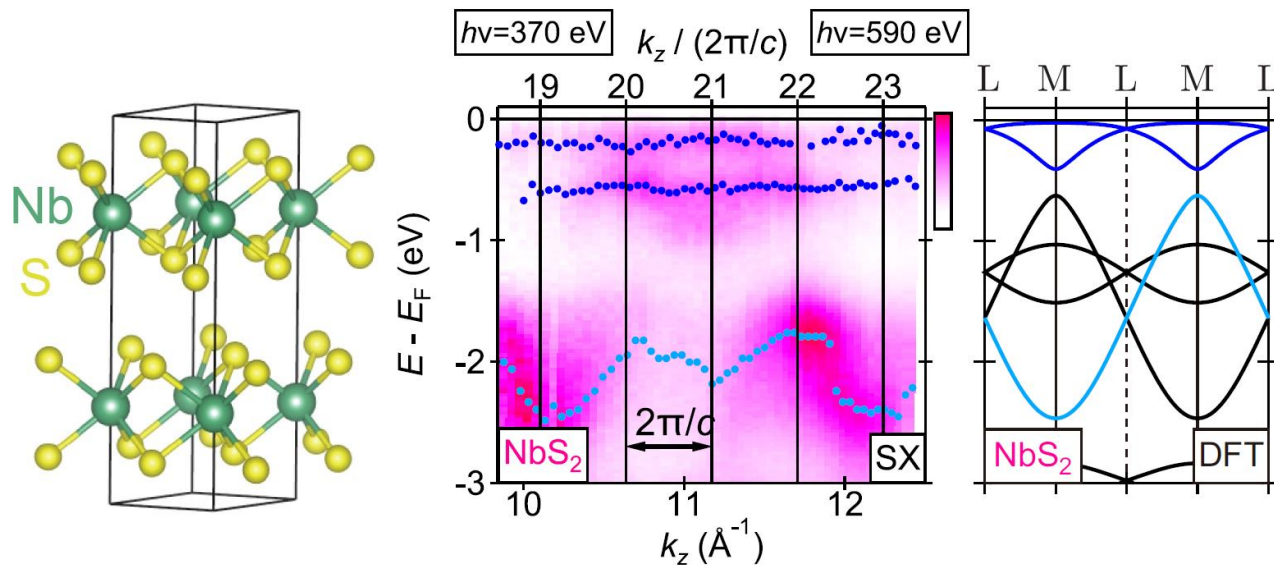


- In-plane momentum ( $\mathbf{k}_{//}$ ) is conserved in the whole process
- Out-of-plane momentum ( $k_z$ ) is conserved in the crystal
- Photoelectron energy  $E_{\text{kin}} = \text{Ground state energy} + h\nu$ 
  - $E_{\text{kin}} = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m} + V_0 = \frac{\hbar^2 K^2}{2m}$  determines  $k_z$  ( $V_0 < 0$  is a parameter)

# 4 ∴ Starting point of our study



- **Bulk band degeneration** at the  $L$  point was not observed.
- **Surface sensitivity** (a few nm)  
→ Momentum selection rule along  $z$  may not be rigorous?



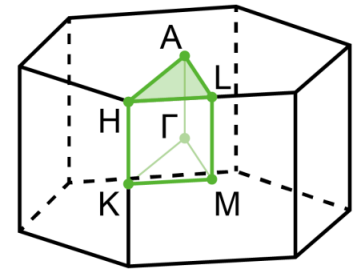
## ARPES spectra of the transition metal dichalcogenide $2H-NbS_2$

H. Tanaka, S. Okazaki *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **105**, L121102 (2022).

# 5 Overview of this talk



- Development of the photoemission simulator SPADExp [H. Tanaka *et al.*, J. Electron Spectrosc. **264**, 147297 (2023)]
  - Tight-binding model (previous studies) → DFT with localized basis sets
- Application to an ARPES study of nodal line materials [H. Tanaka *et al.*, *under review.* (arXiv:2308.00999)]
  - Line node at the  $AL$  path protected by the  $2_1$  screw rotation symmetry
- Photoemission calculations beyond the free-electron approximation [H. Tanaka *et al.*, *in preparation.*]
  - Wave function calculation using the Kohn-Sham potential



# Development of the photoemission simulator SPADExp

H. Tanaka *et al.*, J. Electron Spectrosc. **264**, 147297 (2023)  
<https://github.com/Hiroaki-Tanaka-0606/SPADExp>

# 7 ∴ Photoemission probability



**Fermi's golden rule**  $w_{fi} = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar} \left| \langle \psi_f | H_{\text{int}} | \psi_i \rangle \right|^2 \delta(E_f - E_i - h\nu)$

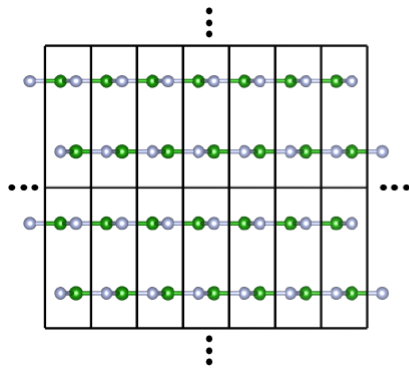
**Electric field** (indicated by a downward arrow pointing to  $H_{\text{int}}$ )

**Final state** (indicated by an upward arrow pointing to  $\psi_f$ )

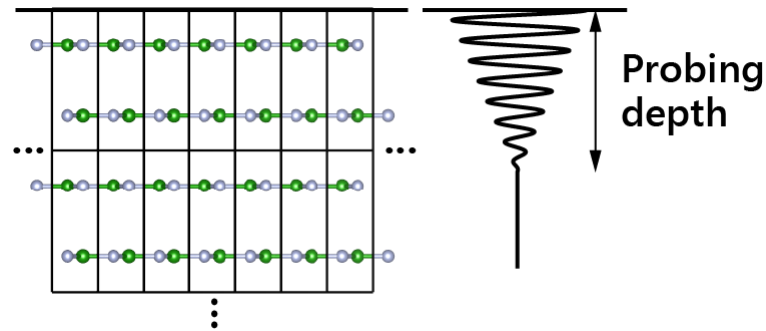
**Initial state** (indicated by an upward arrow pointing to  $\psi_i$ )

**Energy conservation** (indicated by a yellow label pointing to  $\delta(E_f - E_i - h\nu)$ )

**Final state:** Free-electron approximation is applied



**Bulk system: Plane wave**



**Slab system: Plane wave × Decay**

# 8 ∴ Calculation formulae



**Initial state:** Linear combination of (pseudo-)atomic orbitals

$$\psi_i(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_n e^{i\mathbf{R}_n \cdot \mathbf{k}} \sum_{i\alpha\sigma} c_{\mu,i\alpha}^{\sigma(\mathbf{k})} \phi_{i\alpha}(\mathbf{r} - \tau_i - \mathbf{R}_n) |\sigma\rangle$$

$\mathbf{R}_n$ =lattice vector,  $\tau_i$ =atom position,  $\phi$ =orbital wave function,  $\alpha=(plm)$

**Final state:** Partial wave expansion at each atom position

$$\psi_f(\mathbf{r}) = 4\pi e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{t}_i} \sum_{lm} i^l Y_{lm}^*(\hat{\mathbf{k}}) Y_{lm}(\theta, \varphi) j_l(kr)$$

**Electric field:** Dipole approximation

$$H_{\text{int}} \sim \mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{e} \sim \sum_j e_j r Y_{1j}(\theta, \phi)$$

$\mathbf{e}$ =electric field vector

Integration over angles  $\rightarrow$  excitation **selection rule**

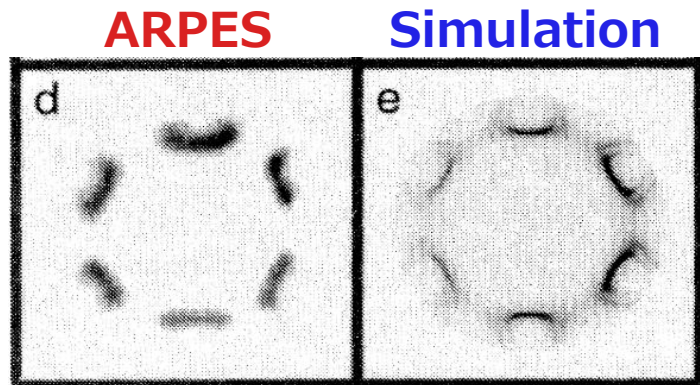
$$l_f = l_i \pm 1, m_f = m_i + j$$



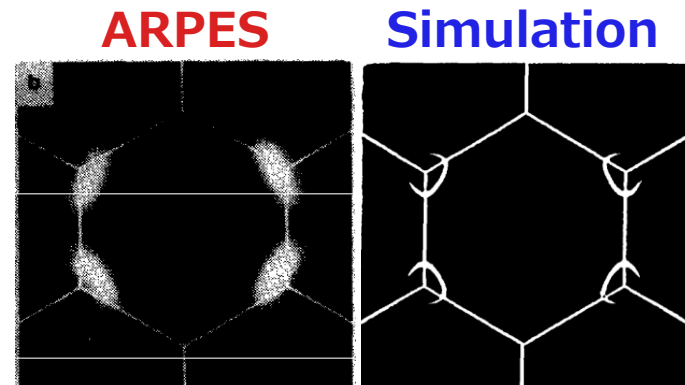
# 9 ∴ Previous study of graphene



- A tight-binding model (carbon  $p_z$  orbital) is used for initial states
- Graphene Dirac cones are excited only within the Brillouin zone



50 eV polarization not specified,  $E_F - 2.1$  eV  
[E. L. Shirley *et al.*,  
Phys. Rev. B **51**, 13614 (1995)]

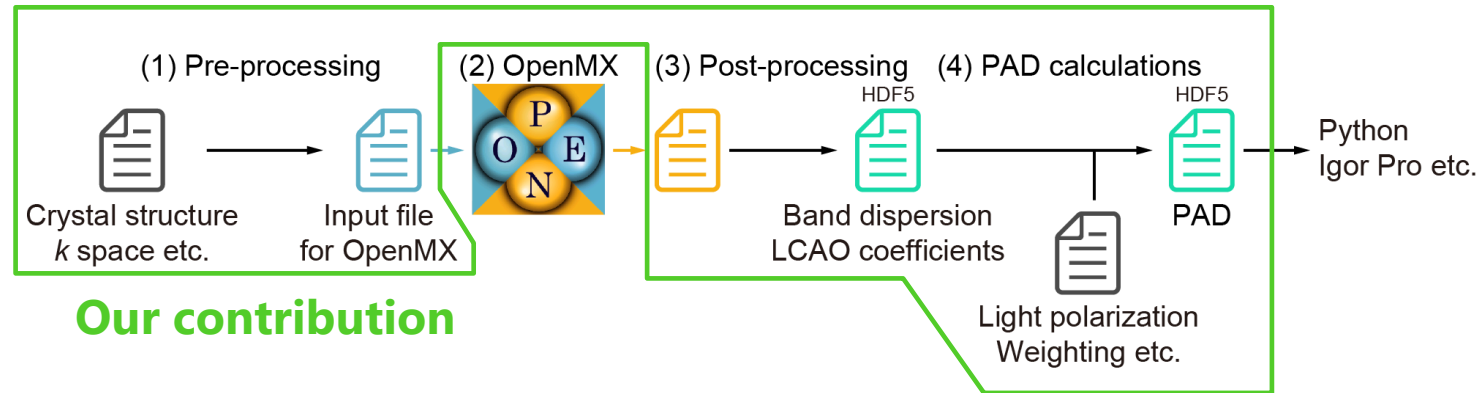


54 eV horizontal linear polarization,  
 $E_F - 1.7$  eV [H. Nishimoto *et al.*, Solid State  
Commn. **98**, 671 (1996)]

# 10 :: Our software



## Simulator of Photoemission Angular Distribution for Experiments (SPADExp)



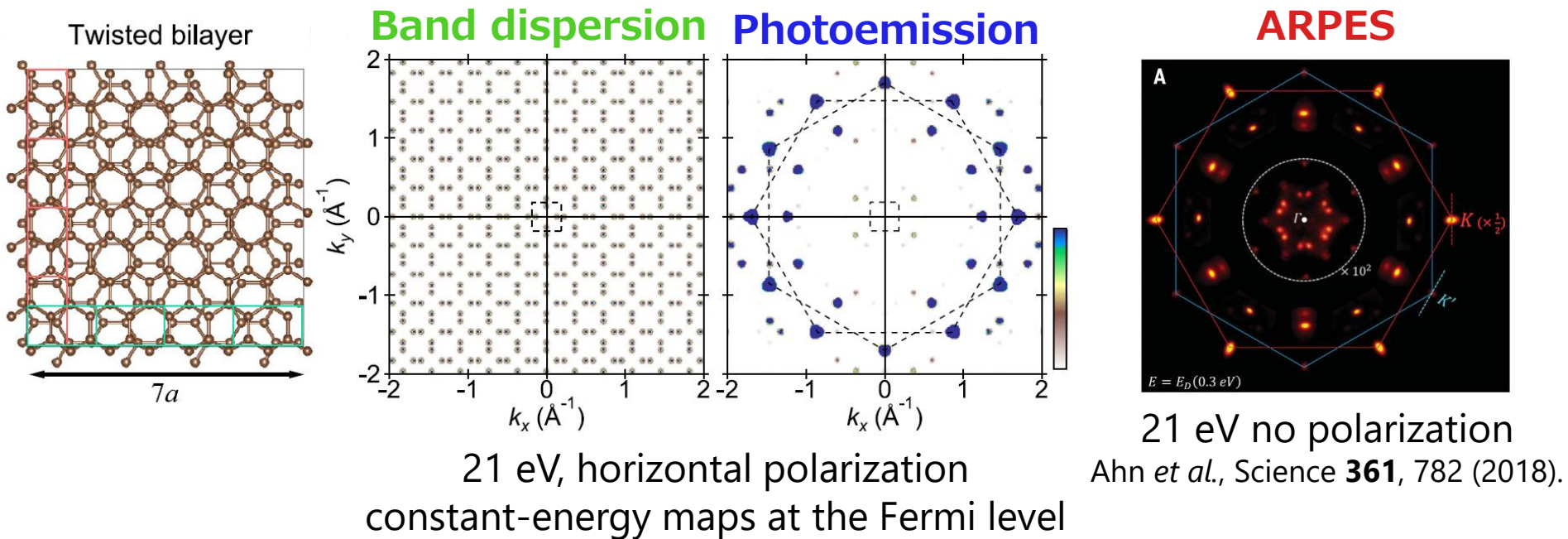
- Use MO.fileout / MO.Nkpoint / <MO.kpoints> to extract LCAO coefficients
- C++ / OpenMP parallelization / Lapack / HDF5
- Slab calculations were performed on ISSP Supercomputer System B

# 11 ∴ Calculation example



30°-twisted bilayer graphene: ARPES spectra with 12-fold symmetry

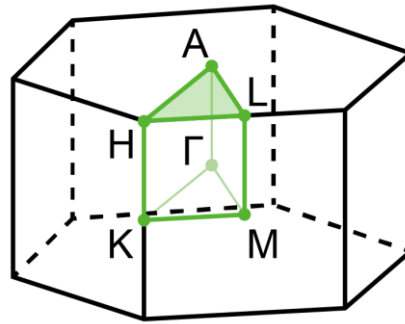
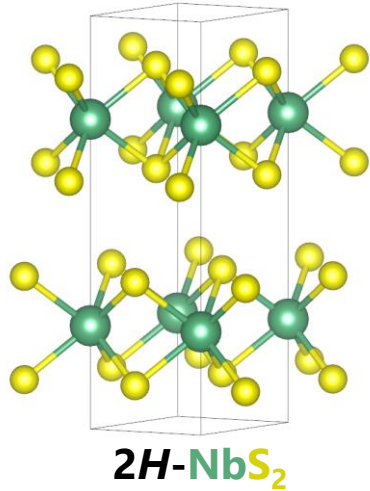
- Approximating the quasicrystal by a supercell (224 carbon atoms)



# Application of SPADExp to an ARPES study of nodal line materials

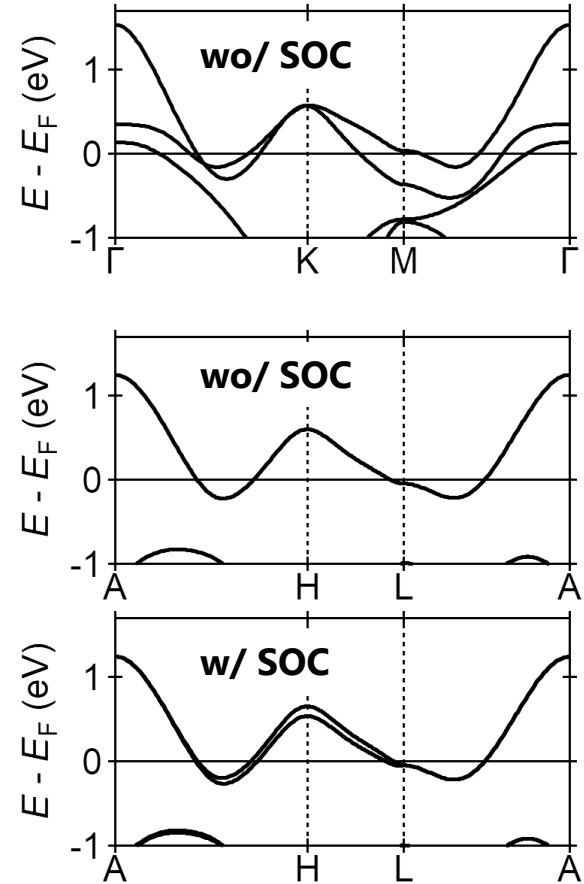
Hiroaki Tanaka *et al.*, *under review*.  
(arXiv:2308.00999)

# 13 ∴ Bulk nodal lines in 2H-NbS<sub>2</sub>



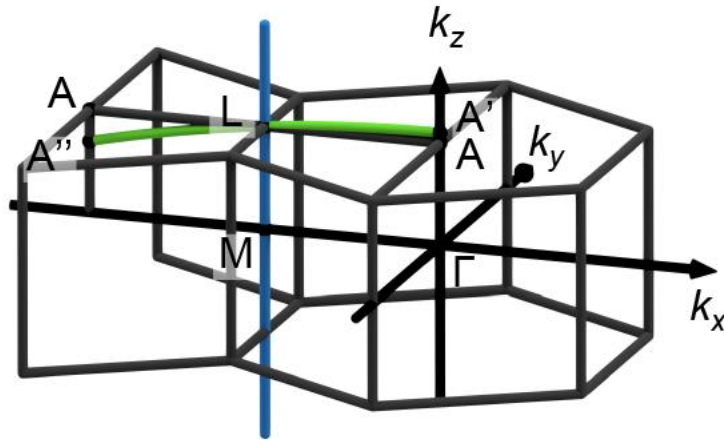
Hexagonal Brillouin zone

- Without SOC, a **nodal plane** on  $k_z = \frac{\pi}{c}$ 
  - Due to 2<sub>1</sub> screw and time-reversal
- With SOC, a **nodal line** remains on AL



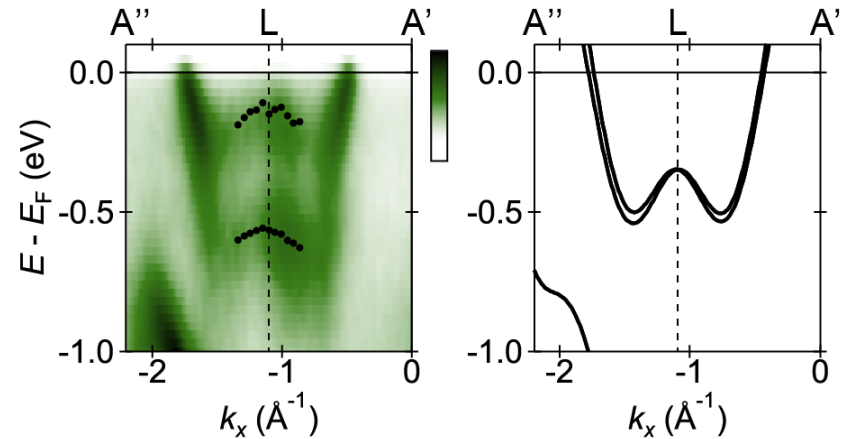
Bulk band dispersion of 2H-NbS<sub>2</sub>

# 14 ∴ ARPES experiments

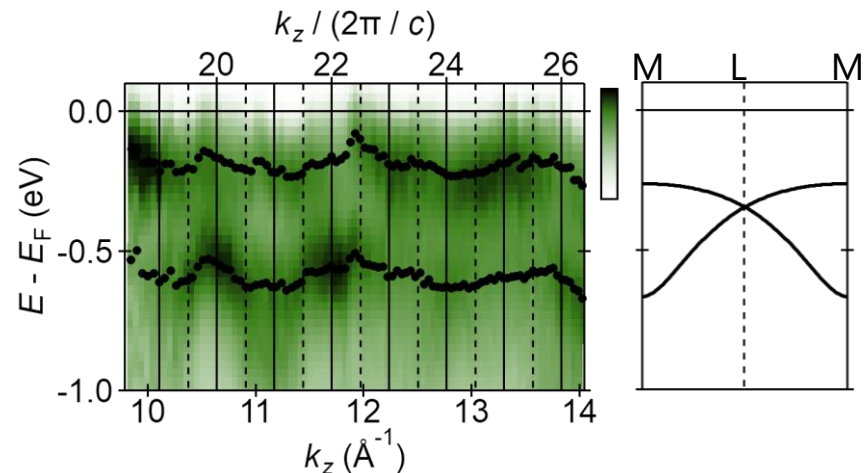


Hexagonal Brillouin zone

- Two bands were **gapped** (0.5 eV)
- All the observed *L* points had gapped dispersions
- $2_1$  screw rotation symmetry is broken in the near-surface electronic structure?



**Band dispersion around *L*** ( $h\nu = 525$  eV)

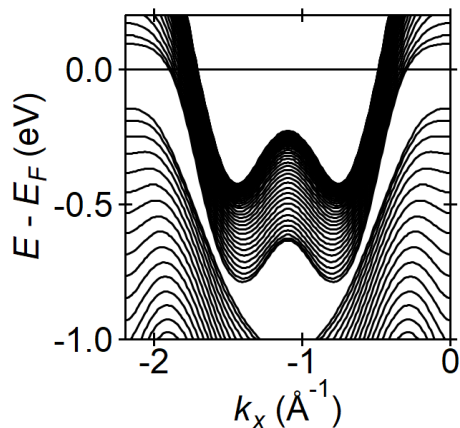


**Band dispersion along *ML***  
( $h\nu = 370 \sim 750$  eV)

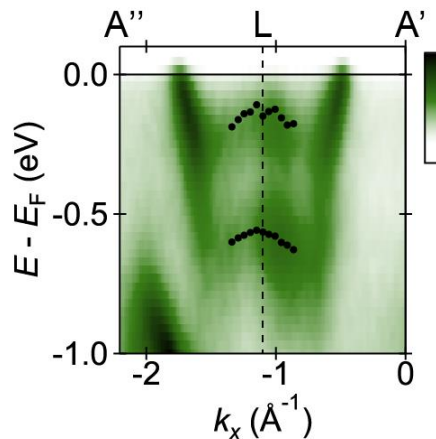
# 15 ∴ Slab calculations



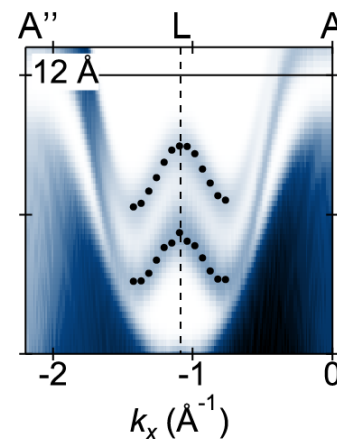
- 20 bilayers (120 atoms, 1000 electrons) for no spin calculations
- 10 bilayers for noncollinear calculations
- Reproduced gapped spectra by photoemission intensity calculations
  - Probing depth parameter  $\sim 1$  nm



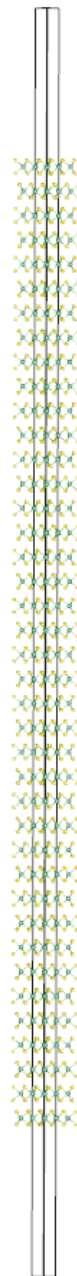
**Slab band dispersion  
(spin off)**



**ARPES spectra**



**Simulation spectra**



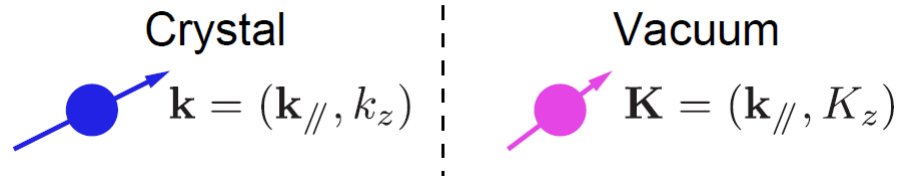
**20 bilayers  
2H-NbS<sub>2</sub>**



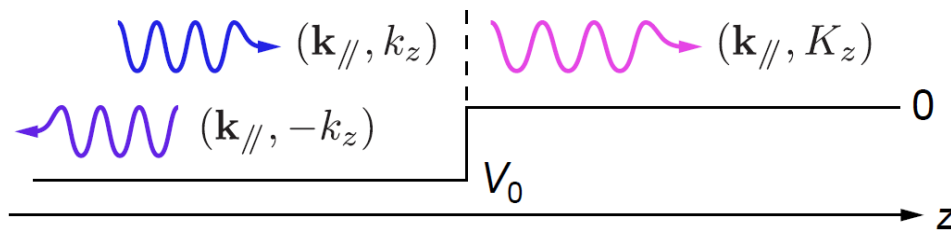
## Future work and summary



# 17 Beyond the free-electron approximation

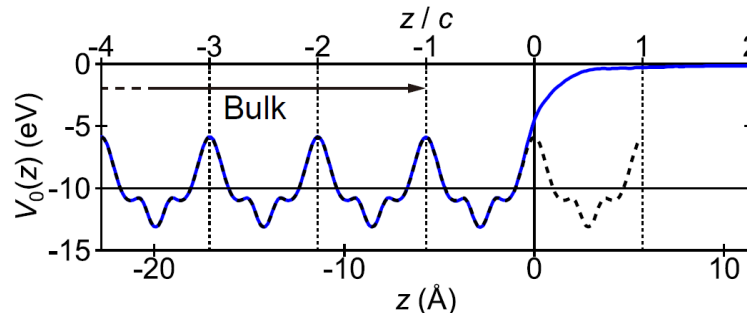


Three-step model / Free-electron approximation



Precise description of photoelectron wave function

→ Photoelectron wave function from the local Kohn-Sham potential



Local Kohn-Sham potential of 1T-TiS<sub>2</sub> slab

# 18 ∴ Summary

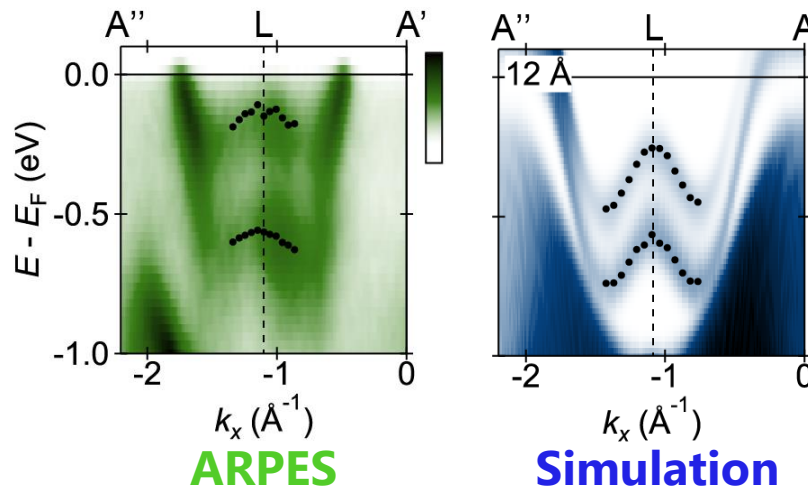


## Photoemission simulator SPADExp

- Directly use the ground state wave function exported from OpenMX
- Able to handle large slab systems and surface electronic structure

## ARPES study of nodal line materials

- Bulk band degeneracy due to nonsymmorphic symmetry was not absent
- Photoemission intensity calculations considering surface sensitivity successfully reproduced gapped spectra





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## Photoelectric effect, photoemission spectroscopy

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- S. Hüfner, *Photoelectron Spectroscopy* (Springer, 2003). (Popular textbook)
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## Band degeneration due to symmetry

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- C. J. Bradley and A. P. Cracknell, *The Mathematical Theory of Symmetry in Solids* (Oxford, 2010). (Textbook in English)
- Supplementary Section E in G. Chang *et al.*, *Nat. Mater.* **17**, 978 (2018). (Example of  $2_1$  screw rotation symmetry)
- *Bilbao Crystallographic Server* (<https://www.cryst.ehu.es/>). (Utility webpage)



## Photoemission angular distribution calculations (theory)

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## Photoemission intensity calculations (tight-binding model)

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## First-principles calculations

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- T. Ozaki, Phys. Rev. B **67**, 155108 (2003). (Theory for OpenMX)
- <https://www.openmx-square.org/> (OpenMX software)

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## SPADExp

- H. Tanaka, K. Kuroda, and T. Matsushita, J. Electron Spectrosc. **264**, 147297 (2023). (Paper about the software development)
- <https://github.com/Hiroaki-Tanaka-0606/SPADExp> (Repository)

## Inelastic mean free path

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## ARPES

- H. Tanaka, S. Okazaki *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **105**, L121102 (2022). (NbS<sub>2</sub> & 3d-intercalated system)
- D. Huang *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **105**, 245145 (2022) (NbS<sub>2</sub>)
- H. Tanaka *et al.*, *under review*. (arXiv:2308.00999) (NbS<sub>2</sub> & hBN)